## Quiz 6A, Calculus I - No Calculators $_{Dr. Graham-Squire, Spring 2014}$

Name:

1. (4 points) Let  $h(x) = \int_4^x \left(\frac{1}{t} - e^t + \frac{1}{1+t^2}\right) dt.$ 

(a) Use an antiderivative to find an expression for h(x) that does <u>not</u> involve an integral. Leave your answer in exact form (no decimals).

(b) Use the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus (or your answer from (a)) to find h'(x).

2. (3 points) (a) Use right endpoints and 4 subintervals (that is, find the Riemann sum  $R_4$ ) to approximate the area under the curve  $f(x) = 4 - (x - 1)^2$  on the interval [0,4].

(b) Is your answer an overestimate or an underestimate? Explain your reasoning.



3. (3 points) Calculate the indefinite integral (that is, the most general antiderivative) of

$$\int \frac{x + x^4 3^x + x^8}{x^4} \, dx.$$